first of these things Mr. Martin spoke from in- in saying, that he found no reason to after the opinions

indation whatsoever, for the story. The tale artin, and I presume he will be glad to know tle credit ought in future to be given to the who misinformed him. en I lest Dublin there was not the least notion of regate Meeting. The Resolutions in the Comof the whole House, as proposed by Mr Plunere so vague, general, and unobjectionable, that

gregate Meeting could be held to oppose that which was carefully concealed until the Bills brought in, and until it was not possible any to conceal it. But at that time the Circuits one out. It seemed as if there were a very dex. management to keep back the Veto until after

stholic Lawyers and Country Gentlemen had ublin for the Assises. The consequences, which believe foreseen, have actually taken place, and n, instead of giving as it formerly did and as it ally ought, the tone to the Clergy and Laity of d, will now receive its own impulse from the y and Laity of the provinces. th regard to the second allegation of Mr Martin, it its force and its truth. I receive it as unmixed

. If I am not looking for place or office, it fur-

a strong argument to prove that I am honest.

igion, I am a sincere Catholic; in politics, I am ere Reformer. I come indeed within the class dicals—and avowing myself a Radical, I can not prised or displeased to hear it said, either that I ot suited for office, or that office is not suited

wing these principles—looking upon Reform as

itely necessary, and the repeal of the Union us a

re without which Ireland can never prosper-I

eased to have obtained the censure of Lord Casgh.—May I never life to sustain the infliction of rdship's praise. He says, I have not "cultivatpeace or tranquillity of Ireland." The species tivation in which his Lordship has been engaged. e fruits it has produced, are, indeed, apparent. that the peace of Ireland would be promoted, er tranquillity ensured, by a reformed and a resi-Parliament. His Lordship is of that class of rians " Ubi solitudinem faciunt, pacem appellant." an would be different. I would people our soliwith a free and a happy nation; and the bloodevolutions on the Continent of Europe, prove ny day-dream for unhappy Ireland may yet be ed. This hope may the more confidently be ained, as we neither wish for or want any revo-. All that is necessary for us is restoration and

ng to be only "a farce," are getting up a Protest. is quite right. We shall now he able to count etoists .- In Limerick they were I think nineteen. ias since deserted We can easily count themould they count us ?- I have the honor to be, obedient servant

in giau to and that those who deem a Public

LIMERICK -SATURDAY, APRIL 7.

DANIEL O'CONNELL.

he Right Hon, the Earl of Erroll has

inted the Rev Mark Bloxham, A. M. of ileton, County Cork, only son of Alderman ham, of Dublin, one of his Lordship's domes-Chaplains. rders have been issued by Government, that & of military shall be stationed at Goresbridge,

he borders of the County Carlow, adjoining county of Kilkenny, for the purpose of assistae Magistracy.

ion; and I beg to assure him that his infor- he had always entertained and expressed on the subject. ntirely deceived him. There was not the sligh- It was in consequence of the danger that it threatened to the state that he should resist it on the second readpure invention of the person who related it to ing. With regard to modifications, he held # Impossible so to after it as to reconcile his mind to the principle or the measure. The Bill was then read a first time, and the Lords

were summoned for Tuesday next, for which day the second reading was appointed. The Throne and its steps were crowded with English

and especially Irish Members, during this conversation. -Adjourned. By the Bell, from New-York, which arrived

in our harbour yesterday, with Flaxseed, we have been favoured with American Papers to the 9th of March, from which we have made some extracts. The Bell was driven into Miltown Malbay, and was beating about on that coast for a day and night, during the late gales.

closed on the 3d of March. Among the Acts passed were the following :-An Act op amend the Act for the gradual

encrease of the Navy of the United States-

appropriated sum reduced from one million to an

The second Session of the sixteenth Congress

hall. An Act to reduce and fix the Military Peace Establishmert-sum agreed upon, 200,000 dollars. An Act to release French ships and vessels

entering the ports of the United States, prior to

the 30th of September, 1820, from the operation of the new tonnage duty. An Act to cause astronomical observations to be made to ascertain the longitude of the Capitol in the City of Washington from some known

An Act to take a fourth census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States. An Act to extend the time for unlading vessels

meridian in Europe.

Congress.

France, Portugal, and Spain.

arriving from foreign ports, in certain cases. An Act to continue in force the Act regulating the currency of the gold coins of Great Britain,

An Act for carrying into execution the treaty between the United States and Spain, concluded at Washington on the 22d of February, 1819, for the occupation of the Floridas. The territorial eppointments, and the appointment of Commis-

sioners under the Spanish treaty, may be made by

the President of the United States, in the recess of

The Bill to establish an uniform system of Bankruptey, did not pass, A loan of five millions of dollars was obliged to

be resorted to in the last Session, to pay the current expences of the Government. The admission of Missouri as a State into the

Union is not yet completed. The Members chosen as Representatives to Congress, have not ben admitted to their seats, though being at Washington during the Session, but a compensation of 6,000 dollars has been voted to them. The American Members of Congress receive eight dollars per day during their attendance at

the Session. Yesterday Patrick Molony, a Piper, was Rathkeale, on the 30th instant

engaged in destroying it, a n people collected tagether and con the soldiers from behind the wall fired on the assailants and put th after a pursuit, one man named C prisoner and brought to town, but sworn, seem more to charge bim some of the persons who made the implicate him in a participation none of the party were injured.

A few days ago, Owen Car

well, whilst attending a funeral

Codults Civic (within thick in and seized a quantity of malt;

a dispute with some persons. who of a stone which fractured his scu A car, laden with potatoes, w of John Griffin, at Willmoust on Thursday evening, which ice tunate man's scull, and of which ! in the County Hospital.

Wednesday evening, Mary C burned to death at her lodgings whilst sitting at the fire, the ble municated with her clothes.

On Thursday, James Lynch, arm broken, by the wheel of guing on it.

Casey, Pitzgerald, Griffin, Co were admitted into the Co and their cases treated with the

skill. On Friday last, two young l dispute in Waterford, one of the Flinn, took up a shoemaker's the other, John Daniel. in knife entered between the fifth

the depth of about four inches, the lungs of that side. An accidental fire broke ou Andrew Jameson, Esq. at I

County of Wexford, and consu kiln, malt mill, &c. together w grain. The distillery, spirit valuable buildings are perfy escaned the and On Thursday, two bull dogs William-street, the preerry

Seedsman. The poor animal

resistance, though encumbered

actually bit one of the dogs before

owner (a butcher) being pres shillings by Alderman Watse to the Dispensary. Alderman Watson has rece

two persons, against whom assault were sworn, as a peace

the desire of the prosecutor, the use of the 357 poor obje Industry.

The Reader will find in four and consolidated Committee

Roman Catholies. The County Limerick Sessi drowned between O'Brien's Bridge and Killaloe. | on eth 4th of May, See Ad.